

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

RESOLUTION CHEMICALS LIMITED et al.

RECEIVED SCHLICH, George, William MATHYS & SQUIRE Mathys & Squire NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF 101 Grav's Inn Road THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY London WC1X 8AL 0.7 JUN 200H **EXAMINATION REPORT GRANDE BRETAGNE** (PCT Rule 71.1) REPLY DATE Date of mailing DIARY ENTERED (day/month/year) 02.06.2004 Applicant's or agent's file reference IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION GWS/PG/24287 Priority date (day/month/year) International filing date (day/month/year) International application No. 19.02.2002 19.02.2003 PCT/GB 03/00702 Applicant

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The applicant's attention is drawn to Article 33(5), which provides that the criteria of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability described in Article 33(2) to (4) merely serve the purposes of international preliminary examination and that "any Contracting State may apply additional or different criteria for the purposes of deciding whether, in that State, the claimed inventions is patentable or not" (see also Article 27(5)). Such additional criteria may relate, for example, to exemptions from patentability, requirements for enabling disclosure, clarity and support for the claims.

Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:



European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465 **Authorized Officer**

Ipinazar, P

Tel. +49 89 2399-8131





PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

	icant's o		nt's file reference 7	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No. PCT/GB 03/00702				International filing date (day/mont	th/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 19.02.2002	
ì	nationa L2/00		nt Classification (IPC) or bo	oth national classification a	ind IPC			
Appli		TION	I CHEMICALS LIMITE	ED et al.				
1.	 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 							
2.	2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet.							
	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
	These annexes consist of a total of 3 sheets.							
			d de inc indications ra	elating to the following it	ome:			
3.	i nis	-		stating to the lonowing it	ems.			
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/GB 03/00702

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Description, Pages

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	1-17	7	as published					
	Clai	ms, Numbers						
	1-17	7	received on 29.12.2003 with letter of 23.12.2003					
	18,	19	filed with telefax on 21.05.2004					
2.	With	n regard to the language , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the guage in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.						
	The	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:						
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).						
		the language of publ	ication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).					
		the language of a tra Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	inslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).					
3.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:							
		contained in the inte	rnational application in written form.					
		filed together with th	e international application in computer readable form.					
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in written form.					
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.					
	The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the international application as filed has been furnished.							
		The statement that t	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.					
4.	The	e amendments have r	esulted in the cancellation of:					
		the description,	pages:					
		the claims,	Nos.:					
		the drawings,	sheets:					
5.		This report has been been considered to	n established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).					
		(Any replacement si report.)	heet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to thi					
6	۸۵	ditional observations	if necessary					

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No.

PCT/GB 03/00702

- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims No:

Claims

1-17 18,19

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims 1-17

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-19

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY InternEXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Document WO 96 32095 (D1) discloses a method for producing a pharmaceutical composition for inhalation. A non-sterile steroid (e.g. budesonide, fluticasone, see p. 5, l. 12-16) is dissolved in a solvent (e.g. an alcohol, see p. 6, l. 5-17), the solution is passed through a filter having pores of 10-160 microns (see page 6, lines 24-26) and combined with water (anti-solvent) to form a suspension. The suspension is treated (= by stirring or using ultrasound waves, see page 7, lines 3-5) to obtain a particle size distribution having a mass median less than 10 microns (see page 3, lines 23-25). The size of the particles obtained according to the process of D1 may be controlled by adjusting the process parameters such as the rate of agitation. It should be noted that present claim 1 does not specify that the treatment of the suspension should be carried out after the formation of the suspension is completed.

Further, D1 mentions that the suspension may be dried in conventional manner and agglomerated if desired (see page 7, lines 7-9).

The method defined in present claim 1 differs from the method disclosed in D1 in that the solution is filtered to yield a sterile solution. The technical problem to be solved by claim 1 with respect to D1 is therefore the provision of a sterile suspension.

The sterilisation of pharmaceutical powders by preparing a solution which is then filtrated to obtain a sterile solution, is well known in the art. For example, document US-A-4105550 (D5) discloses a method of preparing sterile pharmaceutical products. The substance to be sterilised is dissolved in a solvent and the resulting solution is subjected to a sterilising filtration.

A skilled person looking for a way to solve the above mentioned problem would obviously consider the teaching of D5 in order to arrive at the proposed solution, i.e. to replace the filter of D1 by a sterilising filter.

Hence, the subject-matter of claim 1 does not involve an inventive step in the light of the disclosures of D1 and D5 (Art. 33.3 PCT).

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/GB03/00702 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

2. Document D5 discloses an apparatus for preparing a sterile pharmaceutical composition. The apparatus comprises a container (= presterilised precipitation tank, 3) defining a sterile inner compartment, a sterilising filter (2), a vessel for containing the solvent and a vessel for containing the non-sterile product (not shown but described on col. 3, lines 22-24), arranged so that the solvent can be combined with the product to yield a solution, and the solution then filtered to yield a sterile solution. In the container the solution is brought in contact with a precipitating medium.

Note that the fact that claim 18 is directed to an apparatus for preparing a sterile pharmaceutical composition of a **steroid according to the method of claim 1**, does not restrict the claim over the disclosure of D5, then the use is not an apparatus feature. The apparatus of D5 is suitable for preparing a sterile pharmaceutical composition of a steroid according to the method of claim 1. Consequently, all the features of the apparatus defined in present claim 18 are disclosed in D5.

Therefore, document D5 is novelty destroying for the subject-matter of claim 18 (Art. 33.2 PCT).

3. Dependent claims 2-17 and 19 contain features which either are disclosed in the cited documents or fall within the customary practice followed by persons skilled in the art and do not involve an inventive step as no particular or unexpected effect is apparent.

Certain observations on the international application

- 1. The description contains embodiments in which the step of filtering the solution to obtain a sterile solution is not mandatory. This inconsistency between the claims and the description leads to doubt concerning the matter for which protection is sought, thereby rendering the claims unclear (Article 6 PCT).
- 2. At least documents D1 and D5 should be acknowledged in the description (Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT).

CLAIMS

- 1. A method for preparing a sterile pharmaceutical composition of a steroid comprising:-
 - (i) dissolving a non-sterile steroid in a solvent to yield a solution of the steroid,
 - (ii) filtering the solution to yield a sterile solution,
 - _ (iii) combining the sterile solution with sterile water to form a suspension,
 - (iv) optionally removing all or part of the solvent,
 - (v) treating the suspension to obtain a particle size distribution having a mass median diameter less than 10µm,
 - (vi) under sterile conditions combining the suspension with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier to yield a sterile pharmaceutical composition comprising a suspension of the steroid having a mass median diameter less than 10µm, and
 - (vii) storing the sterile pharmaceutical composition in sterile containers.
- 2. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the non-sterile steroid is a powder.
- 3. A method according to Claim 2 wherein the powder is a micronized powder.
- 4. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 3 wherein the steroid is budesonide or fluticasone.
- 5. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 4 wherein the solvent comprises an alcohol.
- 6. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 4 wherein the solvent comprises a Class 3 solvent.
- A method according to any of Claims 1 to 4 wherein the solvent comprises a Class 2 solvent.

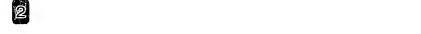
AMENDED SHEET





- 8. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 7, comprising combining solvent with the steroid at a temperature from 20°C below the boiling point of the solvent up to its boiling point.
- 9. A method according to Claim 8 wherein the solvent is at reflux.
- 10. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 7 wherein the solvent is at 30-50°C.
- 11. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 10, comprising removing solvent under reduced pressure.
- 12. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 10 comprising removing solvent at atmospheric pressure.
- 13. A method according to any of Claims 1-12 using a filter having a pore size of 0.2µm or less.
- 14. A method according to any of Claims 1 to 13, wherein the water contains surfactant.
- 15. A method according to any previous Claim, comprising treating the suspension to obtain a particle size distribution having a mass median diameter in the range 1-5µm.
- 16. A method according to Claim 15, comprising treating the suspension to obtain a particle size distribution having a mass median diameter in the range 2-3µm.
- 17. A method according to any previous Claim, comprising storing the sterile composition in sterile ampoules.

AMENDED SHEET







- 18. Apparatus for preparing a sterile composition of a pharmaceutical compound, comprising a container defining a sterile inner compartment, a sterile filter, a first vessel for containing a solvent, and a second vessel for containing a non-sterile steroid, arranged so that the solvent can be combined with the steroid to yield a solution, and the solution then filtered to yield a sterile solution within the compartment, the compartment also containing a sterile aqueous solution into which the sterile solution can be introduced to form a sterile suspension, optionally an apparatus for alteration of the particle size distribution of the suspension and further optionally a sterile exit line for transfer of sterile suspension to sterile containers.
- 19. Apparatus according to Claim 18, wherein the sterile filter has a pore size of0.2μm or less.

AMENDED SHEET